

Table 9.4
MEDICAID/CHIP ELIGIBILITY FOR FAMILIES AND ENROLLMENT SIMPLIFICATION FOR CHILDREN, 2002

State or other jurisdiction	Medicaid/CHIP income eligibility limit for children (percent of poverty)	Medicaid income eligibility limit for working parents (percent of poverty)	Simplification measures for children (a)		
			Eliminated asset test	Eliminated face-to-face interview	12-month continuous eligibility
United States	200% (median)	66% (median)	44 states	47 states	17 states
Alabama	200	21	★	...	★
Alaska	200	79	★	★	...
Arizona	200	107	★	★	...
Arkansas	200	21	★	★	...
California	250	107	★	★	★
Colorado	185	42	...	★	...
Connecticut	300	157	★	★	★
Delaware	200	122	★	★	...
Florida	200	66	★	★	...
Georgia	235	62	★	★	...
Hawaii	200	100	★	★	...
Idaho	150	33	...	★	★
Illinois	185	56	★	★	★
Indiana	200	31	★	★	★
Iowa	200	87	★	★	...
Kansas	200	40	★	★	★
Kentucky	200	75	★	★	...
Louisiana	200	22	★	★	★
Maine	200	157	★	★	★
Maryland	300	43	★	★	...
Massachusetts (b)	200	133	★	★	...
Michigan	200	63	★	★	...
Minnesota	275	275	★	★	...
Mississippi	200	38	★	★	★
Missouri	300	107	★	★	...
Montana	150	69	...	★	...
Nebraska	185	55	★	★	★
Nevada	200	90	...	★	...
New Hampshire	300	62	★	★	...
New Jersey	350	200	★	★	...
New Mexico	235	58	★	★	★
New York	250	133	★
North Carolina	200	62	★	★	★
North Dakota	140	110	★	★	...
Ohio	200	100	★	★	...
Oklahoma	185	48	★	★	...
Oregon	170	100	...	★	...
Pennsylvania (b)	200	56	★	★	...
Rhode Island	250	192	★	★	...
South Carolina	150	100	★	★	★
South Dakota	200	65	★	★	...
Tennessee	(c)	81	★
Texas	200	32	...	★	...
Utah	200	55
Vermont	300	192	★	★	...
Virginia	200	31	★	★	...
Washington	250	200	★	★	★
West Virginia	200	28	★	★	★
Wisconsin	185	185	★	★	...
Wyoming	133	65	★	★	★
District of Columbia	200	200	★	★	...

Sources: Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, analysis of data collected by the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2002.

Notes: The 2002 federal poverty level for a family of three was \$15,020. Eligibility limits for parents are based on a family of three and take into account states' earnings disregard policies. In some states, disregards have a significant effect on eligibility thresholds for parents. Parent eligibility level information current as of 2001.

Key:

★ - Measure implemented.
... - No measure implemented.

(a) Includes only states that have implemented for both Medicaid and CHIP. Data collected March 2001.

(b) Massachusetts and Pennsylvania provide state-financed coverage to children with incomes above CHIP levels.

(c) Eligibility under Tennessee's TennCare program has no upper income limit.