

TABLE 7.30

## Membership of State Public-Employee Pension Systems By State: Fiscal Year 2016 (a)

State	Membership			Total beneficiaries receiving periodic benefit payments
	Total	Active members	Inactive members	
United States	18,646,889	12,765,184	5,881,705	8,791,392
Alabama	248,770	223,436	25,334	137,797
Alaska	36,275	25,385	10,890	46,894
Arizona	469,828	241,977	227,851	159,974
Arkansas	171,268	137,220	34,048	86,344
California	2,083,705	1,452,470	631,235	1,010,343
Colorado	451,944	218,693	233,251	119,587
Connecticut	131,655	113,874	17,781	91,466
Delaware	47,648	43,586	4,062	27,393
Florida	623,209	515,916	107,293	393,706
Georgia	577,446	360,607	216,839	204,858
Hawaii	75,118	67,377	7,741	45,506
Idaho	100,437	68,572	31,865	44,798
Illinois	797,286	462,483	334,803	370,077
Indiana	318,526	216,619	101,907	147,342
Iowa	240,305	173,056	67,249	119,249
Kansas	202,914	152,175	50,739	96,753
Kentucky	389,529	207,703	181,826	154,817
Louisiana	297,266	189,065	108,201	178,143
Maine	61,361	51,221	10,140	43,448
Maryland	249,432	195,357	54,075	154,288
Massachusetts	266,357	215,567	50,790	147,867
Michigan	290,230	258,997	31,233	310,503
Minnesota	567,230	301,360	265,870	211,935
Mississippi	297,545	154,767	142,778	102,212
Missouri	333,775	247,538	86,237	174,475
Montana	83,057	53,309	29,748	40,097
Nebraska	92,021	61,501	30,520	25,409
Nevada	120,999	105,317	15,682	61,327
New Hampshire	59,439	48,125	11,314	32,838
New Jersey	552,651	447,731	104,920	319,901
New Mexico	175,002	118,188	56,814	80,016
New York	913,749	783,923	129,826	601,844
North Carolina	695,500	487,204	208,296	283,622
North Dakota	40,387	33,366	7,021	18,643
Ohio	1,311,351	657,379	653,972	458,372
Oklahoma	181,357	150,586	30,771	110,400
Oregon	305,160	259,830	45,330	138,407
Pennsylvania	534,652	370,899	163,753	349,572
Rhode Island	41,489	32,397	9,092	27,202
South Carolina	392,846	214,150	178,696	151,351
South Dakota	57,494	39,940	17,554	26,420
Tennessee	347,730	209,508	138,222	142,681
Texas	1,745,132	1,235,142	509,990	614,820
Utah	144,698	101,157	43,541	59,843
Vermont	30,718	25,321	5,397	18,039
Virginia	491,664	341,671	149,993	192,411
Washington	413,577	320,413	93,164	175,767
West Virginia	95,510	74,505	21,005	63,009
Wisconsin	422,039	256,077	165,962	191,795
Wyoming	69,608	42,524	27,084	27,831

See footnotes at end of table

## PUBLIC PENSION PLANS

TABLE 7.30

### Membership of State Public-Employee Pension Systems By State: Fiscal Year 2016 (a) (continued)

*Source:* U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 Annual Survey of Public Pensions: State-Administered Defined Benefit Data.

*Note:* Effective with the 2012 survey cycle, the Annual Survey of Public Pensions: State-Administered Defined Benefit Data revised the survey form to implement changes in asset classification. These changes apply to the categories designated as corporate stocks, corporate bonds, federal government securities, state and local government securities, and other securities. Federally-sponsored agency securities are classified under federal government securities instead of corporate bonds. Private equity, venture capital, and leverage buyouts are classified under corporate stocks instead of other securities. Due to these changes in asset classification, there are shifts in the distribution of assets from corporate bonds to federal government securities and from other securities to corporate stocks. However, since investment decisions guide the distribution of assets, we cannot calculate the exact impact that the changes in classification had on the asset distribution for 2012. As such, for the above mentioned asset categories, any data comparisons between data from 2012 to the present, and data prior to 2012 should be exercised with caution.

*Note:* Data users who create their own estimates using these data should cite the U.S. Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. The data in this table are based on information from public records and contain no confidential data. The data in this table come from a sample of governmental units and are thus subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found within the survey methodology [http://www2.census.gov/govs/retire/2016\\_survey\\_methodology.pdf](http://www2.census.gov/govs/retire/2016_survey_methodology.pdf).

*Note:* Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

*Note:* Pension obligations and Covered payroll for defined benefit pension systems are only collected at the state level.

*Key:*

(a) There are exceptions to the fiscal year rule for the state pension systems in Alabama, Michigan, and Texas. For systems in these states, the fiscal year moves beyond the June 30 cutoff. The data for the survey year 2016 covers the fiscal year ending August 31, 2016 for Texas and September 30, 2016 for Alabama and Michigan. These exceptions are made to better align the data with the Survey of State Government Finances.